

1968. Proposal to conserve the generic name 7650. *Lamourouxia* H. B. K., 1818 (Scrophulariaceae), against *Lamourouxia* C. A. Agardh, 1817 (Delasseriaceae). *Taxon* 17:449-450.
1969. Review of: Rocky Mountain Flora, by W. A. Weber. *Madroño* 20:29-30.
1970. Floral morphology and systematics of *Lamourouxia*. *Amer. J. Bot.* 57:752. (Abstract)
- Two new species of *Lamourouxia* (Scrophulariaceae) in Mexico. *Madroño* 20:342-346. (With M. F. Baad)
- Review of: Flora Europaea, Vol. 2, edited by T. G. Tutin et al. *Madroño* 20:237.
1971. Review of: Flora of the Galapagos Islands, by I. L. Wiggins and D. M. Porter. *Madroño* 21:111-112.
1972. Floral morphology and systematics of *Lamourouxia* (Scrophulariaceae: Rhi-nanthoideae). *Smithsonian Contr. Bot.* 6:1-63.

NOTES AND NEWS

EDITORSHIP OF MADROÑO.—Robert Ornduff has resigned the editorship of *Madroño*. The Board of Directors of the California Botanical Society have appointed John L. Strother and Alan R. Smith (both members of the staff of the herbarium, Department of Botany, University of California, Berkeley 94720) Editor and Associate Editor, respectively.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF MEETING.—The California Botanical Society will hold its first meeting of the fall October 20-21, 1973, at Rancho Santa Ana Botanic Garden. The meeting will take the form of a series of contributed papers, by students, in the areas of plant systematics and ecology. Members and non-members of the Society both professional and non-professional, are invited to attend. Advance registration (no fee) is requested. For registration forms or additional details contact ALAN R. SMITH, Department of Botany, University of California, Berkeley 94720, or DAVID YOUNG, Rancho Santa Ana Botanic Garden, 1500 N. College Avenue, Claremont, California 91711.

TWO OREGON PLANT RECORDS.—*Lewisia Cotyledon* var. *Howellii* (Wats.) Jeps. was previously known in Oregon from Josephine and Curry Counties. On 25 March 1973, my husband and I discovered a new station in Cow Creek Canyon, Douglas County, Oregon. While climbing a large bluff of conglomerate composition we sighted one plant beginning to bloom. Upon searching, we counted 66 separate plants. Returning 15 April, we found the plants in full bloom and located many more small colonies with the aid of binoculars. They are growing in small, mostly inaccessible colonies of from one to fourteen plants at 300 to 450 meters with principally a southern exposure. We found a few plants with a western exposure and one plant on the north side of the bluff. One specimen is deposited at OSC.

Adiantum Jordanii K. Mull. has been reported from as far north as the Rogue River Canyon in Oregon. In May 1972, Mrs. Perry Thiele discovered this species at the base of a conglomerate bluff near the small town of Tennile, Douglas County, Oregon. On 25 March, 1973, Mr. & Mrs. O. E. Fosback located additional colonies of *Adiantum Jordanii* in Cow Creek Canyon, Douglas County, Oregon in the same area as *Lewisia Cotyledon* var. *Howellii*.—MRS. O. E. (JOAN) FOSBACK, 157 W. Bodie, Roseburg, Oregon 94770.